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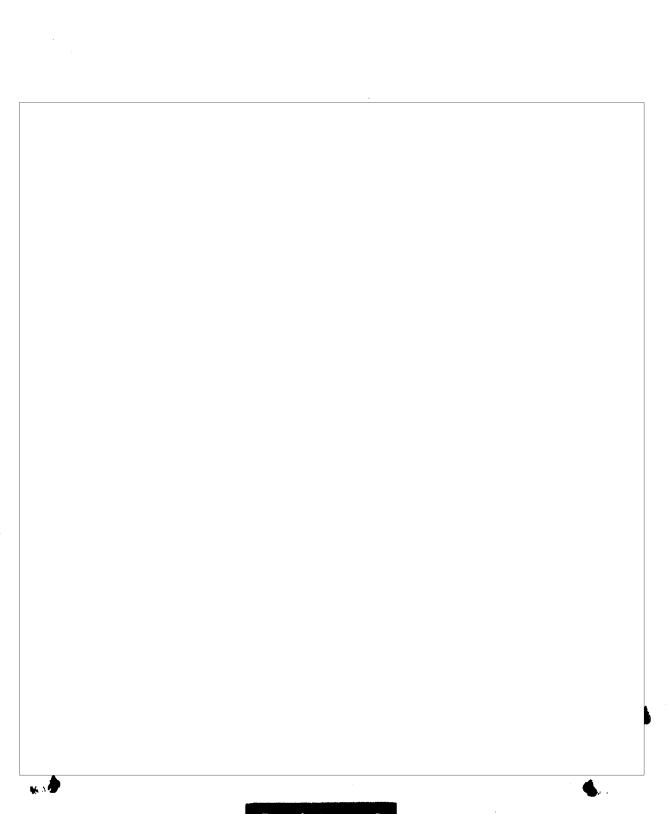
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WEST GERMANY-POLAND: Parties' Statement on Security

Representatives of the West German opposition Social Democratic Party and the Polish Communists plan to issue a joint statement on confidence-building measures when a Polish delegation visits Bonn on 7 November.

The statement is to repeat standard Social Democratic calls for greater East-West collaboration on security, including a nuclear weapons freeze, nuclear- and chemical-weapons-free zones, and the nonmilitarization of space. The two parties also will demand an end to all nuclear tests and reductions in offensive conventional weapons in central Europe.

Comment: The Social Democrats apparently are determined to continue their talks with East European Communist parties even though such contacts may make it harder for Johannes Rau, the party's prospective chancellor candidate, to deflect Christian Democratic charges of undermining the Western Alliance. The Social Democrats probably are mainly interested in upstaging the government on Ostpolitik—especially because polls show far greater support in West Germany for improving relations with the East than for strengthening NATO defenses. Warsaw may be using what it sees as growing Social Democratic strength to induce Chancellor Kohl's government to give renewed assurances that it respects the legal validity of the German-Polish border, among other issues.

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YUGOSLAVIA: Disappointing Trade Performance

Latest official figures show that Yugoslavia is falling short of IMF targets for hard currency balance-of-payments performance this year. Despite improvements in recent months, poor trade results early this year and smaller-than-expected growth in tourism saddled Belgrade with a current account deficit of \$77 million for the first seven months of 1985, as compared with a surplus of \$225 million for the same period last year. The Yugoslavs also suffered a \$393 million drain on the capital account. To cover shortfalls, Belgrade has had to draw down its hard currency reserves to a level comparable with that during its liquidity crisis in 1982.

Comment: Although its performance apparently improved in August, Belgrade is unlikely to meet the IMF targets of an \$880 million current account surplus and a \$200 million increase in reserves for this year. Belgrade may try to cut back imports to improve its position, but this would probably depress its industrial performance of its industry. Failure to achieve the IMF goal will hurt prospects for both the multiyear debt-rescheduling agreement from Western governments and an end to close IMF supervision, which Belgrade hopes to negotiate next year.

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SYRIA-ARAB STATES: Possible Summit	
OTTICA ATTAD OTATEOTT OSSIBLE CUITITITE	
The cordial tone of the reconciliation talks in and Jordan may pave the way for an Arab m the Saudis. The Prime Ministers of Syria and days of talks on Monday with a three-point a willingness to normalize relations and pursue plan as envisioned at the Fez summit in 1982	inisummit sponsored by I Jordan concluded two accord affirming their a comprehensive peace
Comment: King Hussein wants to improve re threat of Syrian-sponsored terrorism against President Assad probably believes the Husse been fatally weakened by recent events that international standing. Assad's willingness to accommodation with Jordan—and possibly I calculated to obtain further Saudi aid and per allies, in view of Iran's declining ability to sup	Jordanian interests. ein-Arafat initiative has damaged Arafat's seek an raq—probably also is rhaps to seek alternative

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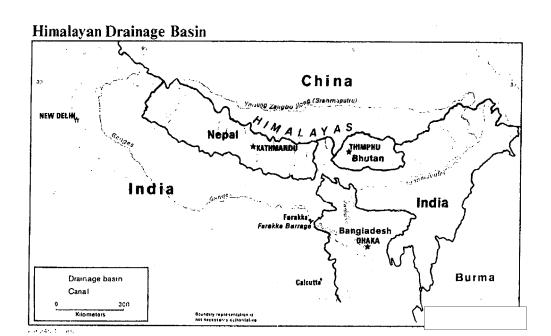
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SOUTH AFRICA: Violence in Western Cape Province Senior officials in Pretoria are divided over extending the state of emergency to new areas including western Cape Province, The Province is now experiencing its second week of increased violence. New riot control equipment—including water cannons—has been sent to the area to combat violence by militant youths, including attacks on white-owned property. Nine nonwhite labor unions representing 40,000 workers yesterday expressed their support for youths involved in the unrest. Comment: Pretoria is unlikely to extend emergency powers to the western Cape because it would provoke international criticism and probably aggravate unrest in the townships as the government prepares for parliamentary byelections later this month. Moreover, the government can take more severe security measures without the formality of extending the state of emergency. Whites in the area are likely to resort to vigilantism if the violence continues to spread outside nonwhite townships.		Top Secret
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INDIA-BANGLADESH: Agreement on Shari	ing Water
Prime Minister Gandhi and President Ershad settle problems on sharing water at the recessummit in the Bahamas. the two leaders decided to extensharing water from the Ganges River and to study ways to increase the flow of the rive completed in a year, after which Gandhi and work out a new agreement.	ent Commonwealth and a 1982 agreement on set up a joint commission er. The study is to be
Comment: The agreement illustrates Gandh India's relations with its neighbors. Banglade his willingness to solve the water problems, I relations. The two sides have conflicting ideariver's flow, however, and negotiations within probably will take longer than a year.	esh will be heartened by ong an irritant in bilateral as on how to increase the
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In Brief **Middle East** - Arafat unlikely to accept resignation of Khuri from PLO Executive Committee . . . Khuri distressed by collapse of planned meeting of UK Foreign Secretary and PLO-Jordanian group . . . departure would weaken Arafat's moderate support. Iraq diverting more imports to ports outside Persian Gulf to prevent Iranian seizures . . . use of ports in Turkey, Jordan, Saudi Arabia will increase costs and - Ireland likely to withdraw contingent from UNIFIL within six months if Israel remains in southern Lebanon . . . Dublin believes Israeli presence endangers its unit by attracting terrorists . . . also having trouble finding competent commander for unit. **Americas** - Peru to step up antinarcotic efforts this month . . . in reversal of policies, military will support police operations in major cocagrowing area . . . will test commitment to drug control by President Garcia, police commanders

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USSR	Soviet-produced very-large-scale integrated microcircuits being used in scientific satellite suggests equally advanced technologies to be in military spacecraft that may be tested in 1987-88.
Asia	 Philippines First Lady Imelda Marcos leading religious and parliamentary group to Moscow Saturday requested audience with high-level Soviet officials, including Gromyko and Shevardnadze Moscow likely to use visit to enhance relations. New finds increased January-September production at China's second-largest oilfield by almost 24 percent over same period in 1984 Beijing investing \$8 billion to double field's output by 1990.

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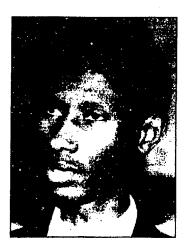
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President Abdou Diouf



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Special Analysis				
President Diouf's Visit				
President Abdou Diout is in the US this w of strong US support as his pro-Western with economic difficulties and an IMF aus	government wrestles			
Senegal's economic development has been stunted by recurrent drought, a limited number of products for export, and mismanagement of the country's scarce resources. Consumption continues to exceed production, necessitating IMF and other international assistance as well as frequent debt reschedulings. As a result, Senegal receives the largest amount of foreign aid in French-speaking Africa.				
Diouf understands the need for economic re risky steps in April to remove government st consumer goods and to impose other meast economy. Political constraints, rapid popular spread of deserts, however, have slowed ref	ubsidies on basic ures to liberalize the tion <u>growth, and th</u> e			
Deteriorating economic conditions have reduits lowest point since he took office in 1981.				

privileges. Although reaction to austerity so far has been nonviolent, the patience of many Senegalese is probably wearing thin. Diouf is suspicious of Soviet, Libyan, and Iranian activities in the region and believes that only strong Western support can adequately protect West Africa. Although Diouf will continue his moderate, pro-Western foreign policy, he will need large amounts of Western assistance to keep his country afloat. France is Senegal's principal

protector and economic benefactor, but it lost some credibility following its withdrawal from Chad last year, and Diouf is likely to look

special interest groups, including labor unions and powerful Muslim brotherhoods, are likely to obstruct reforms that threaten their

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increasingly to the US for support

SENEGAL-US: